UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA INDIANAPOLIS DIVISION

IN RE: COOK MEDICAL, INC. IVC FILTERS MARKETING, SALES PRACTICES AND PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION

Case No. 1:14-ml-2570-RLY-TAB

MDL No. 2570

This Document Relates Only to the Following Cases:

Francis, Jacqueline – 1:20-cv-01004

DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR JUDGMENT IN PLAINTIFF JACOUELINE FRANCIS' CASE PURSUANT TO CMO-28

Under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(c) and CMO-28 (Dkt. 14601, ¶¶ 4-7), the Cook Defendants move for judgment on the pleading in Plaintiff's case as time-barred under the North Carolina statute of repose.

- 1. Plaintiff's Name: Jacqueline Francis
- 2. Case Number: 1:20-cv-01004
- 3. Case Origin: Southern District of Indiana
- 4. <u>Plaintiff's Home State per Complaint</u>: North Carolina (Plaintiff's current residence, residence at the time of implant, and residence at the time of alleged injury)
- 5. Applicable Choice of Law Rules: North Carolina
- 6. Applicable Statute of Repose: N.C. Gen. Stat. § 1-50(a) ("No action for the recovery of damages for personal injury, death, or damage to property based upon or arising out of any alleged defect or any failure in relation to a product shall be brought more than six years after the date of the initial purchase for use or consumption.")¹

¹ N.C. Gen. Stat. § 1-50(a) was repealed effective October 9, 2009, and a new version was codified as N.C. Gen Stat. § 1-46.1 for products sold on or after that date.

- 7. Filter Placement Date (latest possible date of purchase): On or around December 1, 2008
- Filing Date: March 31, 2020 8.
- 9. Length of Time Between Purchase and Filing: 11 years, 3 months, 30 days

BRIEF ARGUMENT

North Carolina's six-year statute of repose for product liability actions bars all of Plaintiff's claims.² See N.C. Gen. Stat. § 1-50(a) (2008). Although the North Carolina legislature has extended the repose period to twelve years, see N.C. Gen. Stat. § 1-46.1 (2010), this longer repose period only applies to cases in which the product at issue was "initial[ly] purchase[d] for use or consumption" on or after October 1, 2009. DeVito v. Biomet, Inc., 2024 WL 1289805, at *3 (E.D.N.C. 2024) (citation omitted); see also Robinson v. Bridgestone/Firestone N. Am. Tire, L.L.C., 703 S.E.2d 883, 886-87 (N.C. 2011). Because Plaintiff's filter was placed before October 1, 2009, she is not entitled to the extended twelve-year repose period.

This court has ruled that North Carolina six-year statute of repose applies to all claims involving filters sold in North Carolina before October 1, 2009, regardless of when the claimed injury occurred. See Dkt. 24870 (Cunningham) at 2 ("As Plaintiff received his Celect filter before October 1, 2009, the operative statutory period of repose is six years."); Dkt. 20384 (Amey) at 1-2 (explaining that the six-year statute of repose applied because the plaintiff received his filter in July 2009, even though plaintiff claimed that his injury did not occur until September 2019); Dkt.

² North Carolina's statute of repose completely bars all claims alleging personal injury from a product, no matter how the claim is styled or pled. See Nat'l Prop. Inv'rs, VIII v. Shell Oil Co., 950 F. Supp. 710, 713 (E.D.N.C. 1996) ("All product liability claims, regardless of their nature, are subject to this statute."); see also Dkt. 15084 (granting judgment on the pleadings on North Carolina and Texas statute of repose grounds). Put simply, a statute of repose containing "no action language' bars 'all claims. . . . " Braswell v. Colonial Pipeline Co., 395 F. Supp. 3d 641, 648 (M.D.N.C. 2019) (quoting *Hodge v. Harkey*, 631 S.E.2d 445, 449 (N.C. 1999)).

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15084 (*Wilson*) at 2 ("North Carolina courts have held that the enlargement of the repose period to 12 years did not have retroactive effect for claims involving products used prior to that time."). The rulings of this court align with the holdings of multiple other courts, including decisions from federal courts in North Carolina.³

Applying this law here, all of Plaintiff's claims are time-barred under the six-year statute of repose. Plaintiff received her filter on or around December 1, 2008, while the six-year statute of repose was still in effect. Plaintiff did not file this action until March 31, 2020, more than eleven years after the date of her implant. Plaintiff's claims are therefore untimely by over five years and should be dismissed as a matter of law. *See* Dkt. 20384 (*Amey*); *Cramer*, 2021 WL 243872, at *4; *DeVito*, 2024 WL 1289805, at *3-4. Furthermore, no exception to this statute applies, as this Court has routinely rejected plaintiff arguments based on theories of latent-disease exception, waiver, equitable estoppel, or express warranty extension of the repose period. *See, e.g.*, Dkts. 22992, 22977, 22996, 24430, 24661, 24868.

For the foregoing reasons, the Court should dismiss Plaintiff's case with prejudice.

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³ See, e.g., Cramer v. Ethicon, Inc., 2021 WL 243872, at *4 (W.D.N.C. Jan. 25, 2021) ("[C]ourts applying North Carolina law have consistently applied [the] six-year statute of repose in cases where the product in question was first purchased or delivered, as here, before October 1, 2009."); DeVito, 2024 WL 1289805, at *3-4 (holding that the date of implant "is 'properly considered the date of initial purchase for use or consumption for the purpose of the statute of repose" and that the six-year statute of repose applied to bar plaintiff's claim (quoting Fulmore v. Johnson & Johnson, 581 F. Supp. 3d 752, 756 (E.D.N.C. 2022)).

Respectfully submitted,

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Dated: July 23, 2025

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on July 23, 2025, a copy of the foregoing **DEFENDANTS' MOTION** FOR JUDGMENT IN PLAINTIFF JACQUELINE FRANCIS' CASE PURSUANT TO CMO-28 was filed electronically, and notice of the filing of this document will be sent to all parties by operation of the Court's electronic filing system to CM/ECF participants registered to receive service in this matter. Parties may access this filing through the Court's system.

/s/ Andrea Roberts Pierson